

An Update on Conversion of Biogas to NH₃

8th Annual NH₃ Fuel Conference Portland, Oregon September 20, 2011

Paul D. Pansegrau



© 2010 University of North Dakota Energy & Environmental Research Center.



WE DID IT!



EERC . . . The International Center for Applied Energy Technology®



QUESTIONS?



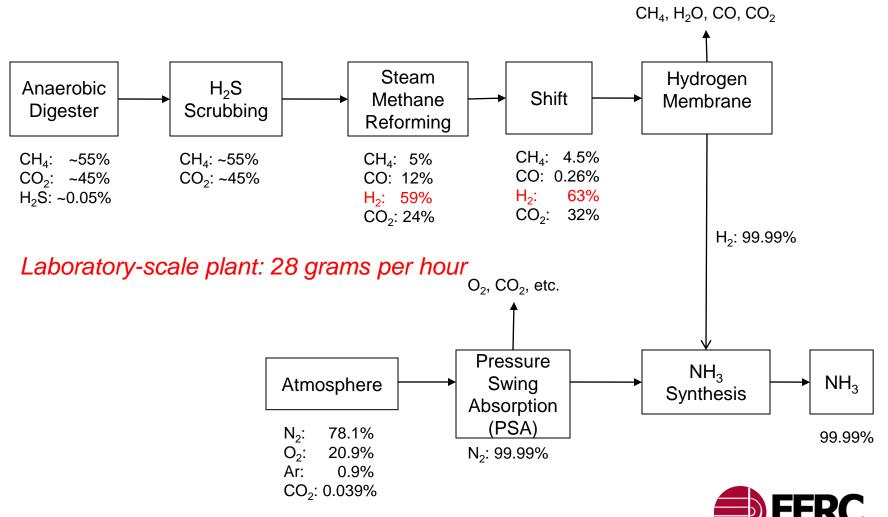
EERC... The International Center for Applied Energy Technology®

Features of EERC Renewable NH₃

- Modular design:
 - Processing units can be scaled.
 - Processing units can be added (i.e., urea capability).
 - Processing units can be upgraded with new technology.
- Anaerobic digestion provides feedstock.
- Stable ammonia costs:
 - Distributed-scale production.
 - Fixed operating costs.
- Reduced carbon footprint for nitrogen fertilizers and NH₃ fuel.



Last Year



EERC.... The International Center for Applied Energy Technology®

Putting Research into Practice

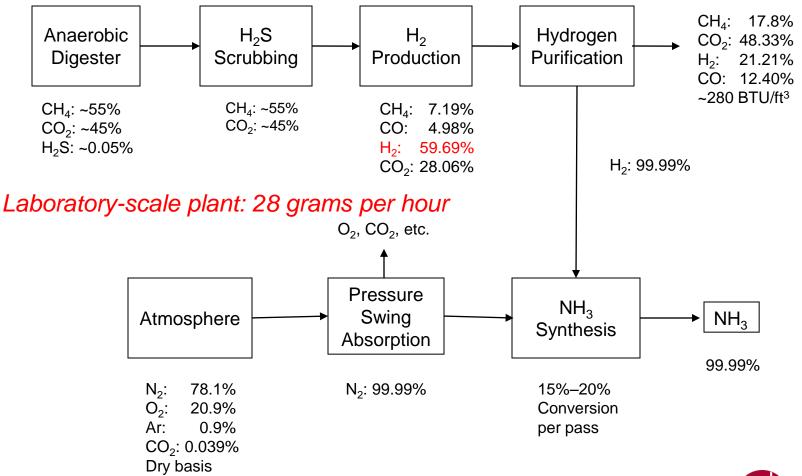
Energy & Environmental Research

Accomplishments This Past Year

- Completed construction of lab unit.
- Designed and installed instrumentation and electronics.
- Commissioned various operating units.
- Simplified the design.
- Conducted two 1-week campaigns:
 - Simulated biogas: 1 week
 - Simulated gasifier output: 1 week
- Looked at various laboratory and commercial opportunities.



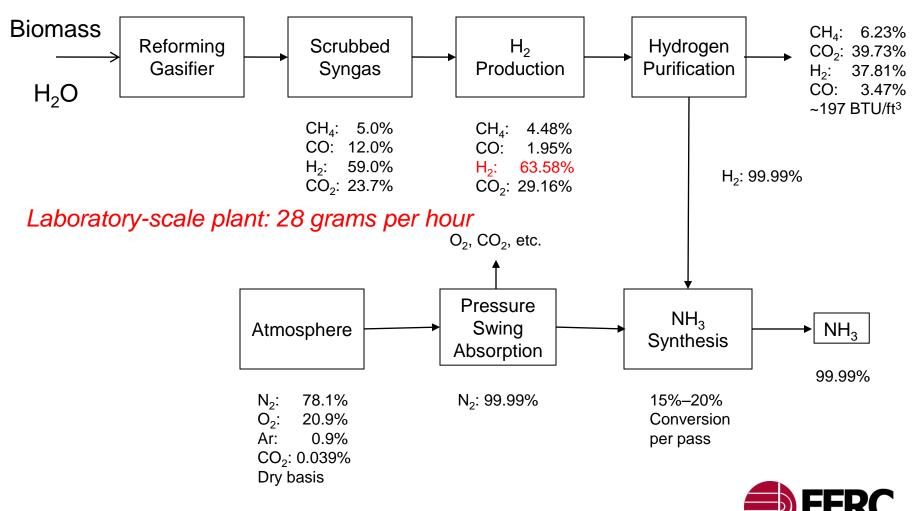
Block Flow Diagram: Anaerobic Digestion





EERC... The International Center for Applied Energy Technology®

Block Flow Diagram: Reforming Gasifier



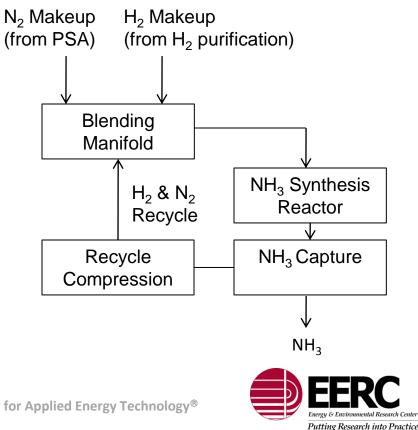
EERC.... The International Center for Applied Energy Technology®

Putting Research into Practice

Energy & Environmental Research

NH₃ Synthesis Loop

- NH₃ capture and recycle gas loop
 - $\rm NH_3$ level by $\Delta \rm P$
 - Some NH₃ slip
 - ►<1% in recycle gas



Review of Desired vs. Actual Goals

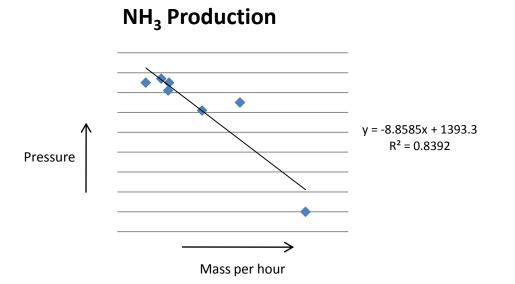
- Desired*
 - Reforming
 - $CH_4 = 5\%$
 - CO = 12%
 - $H_2 = 59\%$
 - $CO_2 = 24\%$
 - Shift
 - $CH_4 = 4.5\%$
 - CO = 0.26%
 - H₂ = 63.42%
 - $CO_2 = 31.78\%$

- Actual
 - Reforming
 - $CH_4 = 7.19\%$
 - CO = 4.98%
 - H₂ = 59.69%
 - CO₂ = 28.09%
 - Shift
 - $CH_4 = 4.48\%$
 - CO = 1.95%
 - H₂ = 63.58%
 - $CO_2 = 29.16\%$

*Twigg, M., Ed. Catalyst Handbook, 2nd ed.; Manson Publishing: London 1996.

NH₃ Productivity

- Depends on:
 - Control strategy
 - Gas flow rate
 - Pressure
 - Temperature
- Actual productivity
 - Low: 1.0 g/hour
 - High: 160 g/hour
 - Common: 7 g/hour





1st Generation System

- 20 tons per day
 - Agricultural purpose
- Renewable feedstock
- Relies on modular design
- Timelines: 18 to 21 months
 - Basic engineering
 - Detailed engineering
 - Procurement, construction, & commissioning



Other Renewable NH₃ Project(s)

- Funding sources
 - Investors (private equity)
 - Grant sources (based upon availability)
 - U.S. Department of Energy
 - U.S. Department of Agriculture
- Typical cash breakdown:

	Government	Investors
Research & Development	80%	20%
Commercial	50%	50%



Acknowledgment of Partners



JMSO Johnson Matthey







EERC... The International Center for Applied Energy Technology®

Contact Information

Energy & Environmental Research Center University of North Dakota 15 North 23rd Street, Stop 9018 Grand Forks, North Dakota 58202-9018

World Wide Web: **www.undeerc.org** Telephone No. (701) 777-5169 Fax No. (701) 777-5181

Paul Pansegrau, Research Scientist ppansegrau@undeerc.org



Acknowledgment

The estimates presented are for discussion purposes only and do not obligate the University of North Dakota. After a final scope of work is determined, the Energy & Environmental Research Center will provide a formal proposal with the appropriate signatures.



Disclaimer

This presentation was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government, nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

